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# **COMPANY PROFILE**

We, Munir Abdullah Al-Munif Factory for Plastic Pipes and Fittings Company, are specialized in producing all types of plastic pipes with all its accessories of fittings. Our company was established 30 years ago.

Al-Munif Factories are located in Riyadh where the solid and flexible polyethylene is being produced as high and low density at diameters starting from 10mm to 1600mm with different lengths and pressure ratings as one of the leading factories in the region in producing such big diameters.

Besides producing Polyethylene Pipes; we are also producing PP-R pipes and Fittings for hot water applications with capacity of about 2000 ton with diameters starting from 20mm up to 160mm. Moreover; we are also producing uPVC and cPVC pipes and fittings for Potable water, drainage and sewerage network, and electrical and telecommunication networks, in addition to GRP pipes and fittings and Rubber products.

Production censorship is done in our laboratories to be sure of specifications compatibility. Our Laboratories has been equipped with all types of necessary systems to do those compatibility tests.

The production capacity is estimated with about 42,000 ton per year which is marketed and sold inside and outside the Kingdom.



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# **GENERAL ADVANTAGES OF UPVC PIPES**

The principal reason for the great economy of MMP pipes is not so much their cost per meter as delivered to site but rather the dramatic reduction in installation costs which can be achieved by intelligent exploitation of their light weight, availability in longer lengths, ease of joining and their immunity from corrosion. These characteristics are of even greater importance to engineers now that the need to carry out water supply and sewerage schemes, industrial plant installations, etc at minimum cost and maximum reliability.



# **NON-CORROSION**

MMP uPVC pipes resist corrosion caused by acid, alkalis, oils, salts, moisture and the media inside and outside the pipe. It is particularly reliable for resistance to the severe climatic and soil conditions in Saudi Arabia.



# SANITARY

MMP uPVC pipes are entirely non-toxic. It will not affect the taste, smell or colour of water or liquid not react with any liquid to cause a precipitant.



### LOW FLOW LOSS

MMP uPVC pipes have a mirror-smooth surface which minimize resistance and impede the build-up of deposits and corrosive scales.



# **MECHANICAL STRENGTH**

MMP uPVC pipes have great tensile strength yet they are flexible enough to withstand displacement in the pipe line. They will not dent or flatten under pressure.

# MMP



# LIGHT WEIGHT

MMP uPVC pipes are incredibly light. Their specific weight is one fifth of steel pipe. This cuts down transportation costs and facilitates the installation of pipes and reduces its cost.



# EASE OF INSTALLATION

MMP uPVC pipes are quick and easy to install, with a complete range of fittings, using solvent cement or rubber joints. Joints are leakproof. uPVC pipes can be cut easily for installation.



# **EASE OF MAINTAINANCE**

MMP uPVC pipes can be quickly repaired with a minimum of complication or cost.



### **FIRE RESISTANCE**

MMP uPVC pipes will not support combustion. In the event of fire, flames are unable to travel along the pipe. It is self extinguishing.



## **INSULATOR**

MMP uPVC pipe are ideal for electric conduits. Because uPVC in itself is an integral insulator, it eliminates the possibility of electrolytic corrosion which so often destroys underground piping.T

# **APPLICATIONS OF MMP UPVC PIPES**



### Water supplies

Non-toxic uPVC pipes will not affect the taste, color, or smell of drinking water. They will never corrode and are therefore extremely sanitary. Deposits and scales will not build up inside as in the case for conventional steel pipes. Their strength is greater than asbestos pipes.

### Irrigation Systems

MMP uPVC pipes are ideal for agricultural irrigation and sprinkler systems. Non-corrosive MMP uPVC pipes are perfect for carrying water which contains chemical fertilizers and insects inhibitors. In thick wall and large diameter MMP uPVC pipes liquids can be transported under high pressure which is convenient for the management of large farms.



### Industry

Resistant to most chemicals, MMP uPVC pipes have an important role to play in industrial plants. Light, non-corrosive and easy to assemble they allow more complex piping work that with steel or cast-iron pipes.



### Solid, Waste & Drainage System

Waste line for corrosive gases, ventilation for office buildings and factories; drainage systems for private homes and elevated highways - these are a few of the many possibilities for MMP uPVC pipes. A full line of uPVC fittings is available to assure easy installation.



### Mining

MMP uPVC pipes particularly are well-suited for draining corrosive liquids found in mines. They make an ideal vent line for pits because they are easily installed in hard to reach places.



### Electrical & Telecommunications Cables

MMP uPVC pipes form in an integral insulator, hence there is an ever-increasing demand for them as electrical conduit. To facilitate work, a full line of fittings is available and fabricated from the same material as the pipes.

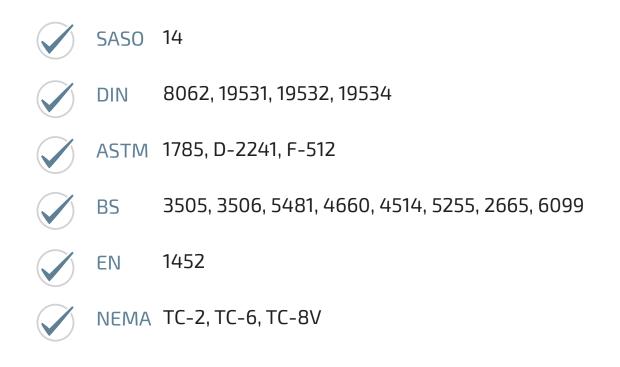


### MMP uPVC pipes for Casing and Screen

Engineering difficulties and the probability of adverse chemical reactions make it impractical to overcome corrosion and encrustation through the use of protective coating, chemical treatment or cathodic protection. Thus MMP non-corrosion PVC for water well easing and screens rapidly received approval by the appropriate ministry consultants and engineers.



# MANUFACTURING STANDARDS



### Range of Production

Pipes from MMP are manufactured according to SASO and or DIN Standards from 20mm, up to 800mm outside diameter in various pressure classes.

uPVC pipes are available with solvent weld Socket joints for diameters less than 63mm. Sizes of outside diameter 63mm and larger are available with both mechanical rubber ring joints or solvent weld Socket joints.

Pipes manufactured in accordance with ASTM are ranging from 1/2 inch up to 8 inches in various pressure (SCH 40, SCH 80) with white and gray colour.

ASTM Pipes are available with plain spigot and Solvent Cement joints only. MMP pipes are produced in 6 meters standard length (other lengths are available on request), standard colours are grey, white and black (other colours are available on request).

# **GENERAL PROPERTIES**

#### Material:

Unplasticised Polyvinylchloride.

#### Standard Length:

Available in the length of 6 Meters or at any other lengths as per customer's request. Pipes are with or without socket. Socket are either solvent cement welding type or rubber ring joining type.

#### Color:

Black, gray, white, blue, orange or any other colours on request.

Specific Gravity: 1.42 ± 0.02

Flammability: Will not support combustion.

### Material Technical Data

Properties	Unit	uPVC	Test Method
	<b>Physical Properties</b>		
Specific Gravity (Compound)	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.4 - 1.42	ASTM D 792
Water Absorption (24 H Boiling Water)	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	< 4	150 2508
Water Absorption (24 H at 23 °C )	% weight gain	0.05	ASTM D 570
Flammability	N/A	Self extinguishing	-
Resistance To Burning	Sec	< 5	ASTM D 635
Vicat Softening Temperature (VST 5 Kgf)	°C	> 80	ISO 306
Thermal Conductivity	W k <sup>-1</sup> m <sup>-1</sup>	0.15	DIN 52612-1
Co-Efficient Of Thermal Linear Expansion	mm/mm °C	0.8x10 <sup>-4</sup>	ASTM D 696
Specific Heat	Cal/g °C	0.25	=
	<b>Mechanical Properties</b>		
Tensile Strength @ 23 °C Minimum	Мра	50	ASTM D 638
Tensile Modulus Of Elasticity @ 23 °C	Мра	3000	ASTM D638
Compressive Strength @ 23 °C	Мра	65	ASTM D 695
Flexural Strength @ 23 °C	Мра	89	ASTM D 790
Poisson's Ratio @ 23 °C	-	0.38	-
Izod Impact Strength (Notched) @ 23 °C	J/m ft.lbs/in.	53 1.0	ASTM D 256
Hardness Strength @ 23 °C	Durometer "D" R°Ckwell "R"	80 110	ASTM D 2240 ASTM D 785
	<b>Electrical Properties</b>		
Volume Resistivity @ 23 °C	0hm/cm	3x1015	ASTM D 257
Surface Resistivity	Ohm	> 10 <sup>12</sup>	DIN IEC60093
Power Factor@ 60 HZ	%	1.255	ASTM D 150
Dielectric Strength	Volts / mm	1400	ASTM D 147
Dielectric Constant 60Hz @ 30 °F	-	3.70	ASTM D 150

Above mentioned values may varied according to compounds and products\*

# Thermal de-rating factors for UPVC pressure pipes and fittings

Maximum service temperature (°C)	Multiply working pressure at (20 °C) by these factors
20	1
25	0.9
30	0.8
35	0.7
40	0.6

## UPVC pipe length variation due to temperature change (°C)

		Coefficient of thermal expansion = 0.08 mm/m/ *C
Temperature Change (°C)	Length Variation mm/meter	5
5	0.4	4.5
10	0.8	4
15	1.2	a contraction of the second se
20	1.6	
25	2.0	2.5
30	2.4	
35	2.8	
40	3.2	1
45	3.6	0.5
50	4.0	0
55	4.4	0 10 20 30 40 50 60
60	4.8	Temperature Change °C

# Allowable working pressure for pipes made of UPVC conveying water Safety factor C = 2.5

			Pipe	Series S	
		25	16.7	10	6.3
Temperature	Years of Service		Standard dim	ension ratio (SDR)	
°C	rears of service	51	34.4	21	13.6
		Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5
			Allowable wor	king pressure (bar)	
	5	5.2	7.8	13	20.9
	10	5.1	7.6	12.7	20.4
10	25	4.9	7.4	12.3	19.7
	50	4.8	7.2	12.0	19.3
	100	4.7	7.1	11.8	18.8
	5	4.4	6.6	11.0	17.5
	10	4.3	6.4	10.7	17.1
20	25	4.1	6.2	10.3	16.4
	50	4.0	6.0	10.0	16.0
	100	3.9	5.8	9.7	15.6
	5	3.5	5.3	8.8	14.1
30	10	3.4	5.1	8.6	13.7
30	25	3.3	4.9	8.2	13.2
	50	3.2	4.8	8.0	12.7
	5	2.7	4.1	6.8	10.8
40	10	2.6	3.9	6.5	10.4
40	25	2.5	3.7	6.2	9.9
	50	2.4	3.6	6.0	9.6
	5	1.9	2.9	4.8	7.6
50	10	1.8	2.7	4.6	7.3
	25	1.7	2.6	4.3	6.9
	5	1.2	1.8	3.0	4.8
60	10	1.1	1.7	2.8	5.4
	25	1.1	1.6	2.6	4.2

# **UPVC PRESSURE PIPES**

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# UPVC pipes according to (SASO 14, DIN 8062, DIN 19532, ISO 161)

C	lass	Cla	ss 1	Cla	ss 2	Cla	ss 3	Class 4		Cla	ss 5
	l Pressure Bars	2 8	AR	4 E	BAR	6 E	AR	10	BAR	16	BAR
Nom-OD mm	Tolerance on Nom-OD mm	Nom- thick of wall mm	Nom-wt. kg/m	Nom thick of wall mm	Nom-wt. kg/m	Nom- thick of wall mm	Nom-wt. kg/m	Nom- thick wall mm	Nom-wt. kg/m	Nom- thick of wall mm	Nom-wt. kg/m
20	+0.2									1.5	0.137
25	+0.2							1.5	0.174	1.9	0.212
32	+0.2							1.8	0.264	2.4	0.342
40	+0.2					1.8	0.334	1.9	0.350	3.0	0.525
50	+0.2					1.8	0.422	2.4	0.552	3.7	0.809
63	+0.2					1.9	0.562	3.0	0.854	4.7	1.29
75	+0.3			1.8	0.642	2.2	0.782	3.6	1.22	5.6	1.82
90	+0.3			1.8	0.774	2.7	1.13	4.3	1.75	6.7	2.61
110	+0.3	1.8	0.950	2.2	1.16	3.2	1.64	5.3	2.61	8.2	3.90
125	+0.3	1.8	1.08	2.5	1.48	3.7	2.13	6.0	3.64	9.3	5.01
140	+0.4	1.8	1.21	2.8	1.84	4.1	2.65	6.7	4.18	10.4	6.27
160	+0.4	1.8	1.39	3.2	2.41	4.7	3.44	7.7	5.47	11.9	8.17
180	+0.4	1.8	1.57	3.6	3.02	5.3	4.37	8.6	6.88	13.4	10.4
200	+0.4	1.8	1.74	4.0	3.70	5.9	5.37	9.6	8.51	14.9	12.8
225	+0.5	1.8	1.96	4.5	4.70	6.6	6.76	10.8	10.8	16.7	16.1
250	+0.5	2.0	2.40	4.9	5.65	7.3	8.31	11.9	13.2	18.6	19.9
280	+0.6	2.3	3.11	5.5	7.11	8.2	10.4	13.4	16.6	20.8	24.9
315	+0.6	2.5	3.78	6.2	9.02	9.2	13.2	15.0	20.9	23.4	31.5
355	+0.7	2.9	4.88	7.0	11.4	10.4	16.7	16.9	26.5	26.3	39.9
400	+0.7	3.2	6.10	7.9	14.5	11.7	21.1	19.1	33.7	29.7	50.8
450	+0.8	3.6	7.65	8.9	18.3	13.2	26.8	21.5	42.7	33,1	
500	+0.9	4.0	9.38	9.8	22.4	14.6	32.9	23.9	52.6	36.8	
560	+1.0	4.2	11.8	11.0	28.1	16.4	41.4	26.7	65.8		
630	+1.1	2.5	14.7	12.4	35.7	18.4	52.2	30.0	83.2		
710	+1.2	5.7	18.9	14.0	45.3	20.7	66.1				
800	+1.3	6.4	23.9	15.7	57.2	23.3	83.9				

Length

: 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request.)

Colour : Grey. Socket Type : Rubber joint (R/J) type supplied from sizes 63mm up to 800mm.

Solvent Cement (SC/J) type supplied from sizes 20mm up to 800mm.

	0.D.	(mm)		Sched	ule 40			Sched	ule 80	
Nominal Size Inch.			Wall Thick	(ness (mm)	Nominal	56.	Wall Thick	mess (mm)	Nominal	551
Size men.	min	max	min	max	Weight (kg/m)	PSI	min	max	Weight (kg/m)	PSI
1/2	21.24	21.44	2.77	3.28	0.24	600	3.73	4.24	0.3	850
3/4	26.57	26.77	2.87	3.38	0.33	480	3.91	4.42	0.43	690
1	33.27	33.53	3.38	3.89	0.48	450	4.55	5.08	0.61	630
11/4	42.03	42.29	3.56	4.07	0.65	370	4.85	5.44	0.87	520
11/2	48.11	48.41	3.68	4.19	0.77	330	5.08	5.69	1.03	470
2	60.17	60.47	3.91	4.42	1.04	280	5.54	6.2	1.43	400
21/2	72.84	73.2	5.16	5.77	1.57	300	7.01	7.85	2.2	420
3	88.7	89.1	5.49	6.15	2.14	260	7.62	8.53	2.91	370
4	114.1	114.5	6.02	6.73	3.05	220	8.56	9.58	4.26	320
5	141.05	141.55	6.22	7.347	4.18	190	9.52	10.67	6.42	290
6	168	168.56	7.11	7.98	5.37	180	10.97	12.29	8.13	280
8	218.7	219.46	8.18	9.17	8.11	160	12.7	14.22	12.4	250

## UPVC Pipes According to ASTM D - 1785, Schedule 40 & Schedule 80

Length: 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request.)Colour: Schedule 40- White, Schedule 80 - Grey

Socket Type : Plain, solvent cement (SC/J)

# UPVC Pressure-rated Pipes According to ASTM D 2241

	0.D.	(mm)						Wall Thio	:kness (m	m)				
Nominal							Stan	dard Dian	neter Rat	io (SDR)				
Size Inch.	min	max	4 W.P: 6		32.5 r W.P: 8.6 Bar			.6 11 Bar	21 W.P: 13.8 Bar		17 W.P: 17.2 Bar		13.5 W.P: 21.7 Bar	
			min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
1/2	21.24	21.44											1.57	2.08
3/4	26.57	26.77							1.52	2.03	1.57	2.08	1.98	2.49
1	33.27	33.53					1.52	2.03	1.60	2.11	1.96	2.46	2.46	2.97
11/4	42.03	42.29			1.52	2.03	1.63	2.13	2.01	2.52	2.49	3.00	3.12	3.63
11/2	48.11	48.41			1.52	2.03	1.85	2.36	2.29	2.80	2.84	3.35	3.58	4.09
2	60.17	60.47			1.85	2.36	2.31	2.82	2.87	3.38	3.56	4.06	4.47	4.98
3	88.70	89.10	2.16	2.67	2.74	3.25	3.43	3.94	4.24	4.75	5.23	5.87	6.58	7.37
4	114.07	114.53	2.80	3.30	3.51	4.01	4.39	4.90	5.44	6.10	6.73	7.54	8.46	9.47
6	168.00	168.56	4.11	4.62	5.18	5.79	6.48	7.26	8.03	9.00	9.91	11.10	12.47	13.97
8	218.70	219.46	5.33	5.97	6.73	7.54	8.43	9.45	10.41	11.66	12.90	14.45		

Note: The maximum pressure rating given above is based on water at 73 °F/23 °C and for unthreaded pipes.

Length : 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request.)

: White Colour

Socket Type : Plain, solvent cement (SC/J).

# UPVC Pipes According to BS 3505 / 3506 Applications: Water supply, irrigation systems, industrial use.

	0.D.	(mm)						Wa	ll Thickn	iess (mm	)					
Nominal Size Inch.			Cla	ss B	Cla	ss C	Cla	ss D	Cla	ss E	Clas	ss 0	Cla	ss 6	Cla	ss 7
	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
3/8	17.0	17.3							1.5	1.9			2.3	2.8	3.2	3.8
1/2	21.2	21.5							1.7	2.1			2.8	3.3	3.7	4.3
3/4	26.6	26.9							1.9	2.5			2.9	3.4	3.9	4.5
1	33.4	33.7			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2.2	2.7			3.4	4.0	4.5	5.2
11/4	42.1	42.4					2.2	2.7	2.7	3.2			3.6	4.2	4.8	5.5
11/2	48.1	48.4					2.5	3.0	3.1	3.7	1.8	2.2	3.7	4.3	5.1	5.9
2	60.2	60.5			2.5	3.0	3.1	3.7	3.9	4.5	1.8	2.2			5.5	6.3
2 1/2	75.0	75.3			3.0	3.5	3.9	4.5	4.8	5.5	1.8	2.2				
3	88.7	89.1	2.9	3.4	3.5	4.1	4.6	5.3	5.7	6.6	1.8	2.2				
4	114.1	114.5	3.4	4.0	4.5	5.2	6.0	6.9	7.3	8.4	2.3	2.8				
5	140.0	140.4	3.8	4.4	5.5	6.4	7.3	8.4	9.0	10.4	2.6	3.1				
6	168.0	168.5	4.5	5.2	6.6	7.6	8.8	10.2	10.8	12.5	3.1	3.7				
8	218.8	219.4	5.3	6.1	7.8	9.0	10.3	11.9	12.6	14.5	3.1	3.7				

Note: Classes B,C,D and E are to BS 3505/3506. Classes 0, 6 and 7 are to BS 3506 / 1969. Classes 6 and 7 equivalent to ASTMD -1785, SCH 40 and SCH 80 respectively.

: 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request.) Length

Colour : Dark Grey except class 0 which is grey.

Socket Type : Plain, solvent cement (SC/J)

Pressure ratings for working pressure at 20 °C

Class В 6.0 bar С 9.0 bar D 12.0 bar Е 15.0 bar

For higher working temperatures, the pressure rating should be reduced.

# UPVC Pressure Pipes according to EN 1452

				ominal (minimu				
Nominal		,		•	eries S		1 1	
Outside liameter	S 20 (SDR 41)	(S 16,7) (SDR 34,4)	S 16 (SDR 33)	S 12,5 (SDR 26)	S 10 (SDR 21)	S 8 (SDR 17)	S 6,3 (SDR 13,6)	S 5 (SDR 11)
		N	lominal pressu	re PN based on s	ervice (design)	coefficient C=2	,5	
		PN 6	PN 6	PN 8	PN 10	PN 12,5	PN 16	PN 20
20		-	-	-	-	-	1,5	1,9
25		-	-	-	-	1,5	1,9	2,3
32		-	-	1,5	1,6	1,9	2,4	2,9
40		-	1,5	1,6	1,9	2,4	3,0	3,7
50		1,5	1,6	2,0	2,4	3,0	3,7	4,6
63		1,9	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,8	4,7	5,8
75		2,2	2,3	2,9	3,6	4,5	5,6	6,8
90		2,7	2,8	3,5	4,3	5,4	6,7	8,2
		Nomina	l pressure PN b	ased on service	(design) coeffic	ient C=2,0		
	PN 6	PN 7,5	PN 8	PN 10	PN 12,5	PN 16	PN 20	PN 25
110	2,7	3,2	3,4	4,2	5,3	6,6	8,1	10,0
125	3,1	3,7	3,9	4,8	6,0	7,4	9,2	11,4
140	3,5	4,1	4,3	5,4	6,7	8,3	10,3	12,7
160	4,0	4,7	4,9	6,2	7,7	9,5	11,8	14,6
180	4,4	5,3	5,5	6,9	8,6	10,7	13,3	16,4
200	4,9	5,9	6,2	7,7	9,6	11,9	14,7	18,2
225	5,5	6,6	6,9	8,6	10,8	13,4	16,6	-
250	6,2	7,3	7,7	9,6	11,9	14,8	18,4	-
280	6,9	8,2	8,6	10,7	13,4	16,6	20,6	-
315	7,7	9,2	9,7	12,1	15,0	18,7	23,2	-
355	8,7	10,4	10,9	13,6	16,9	21,1	26,1	-
400	9,8	11,7	12,3	15,3	19,1	23,7	29,4	-
450	11,0	13,2	13,8	17,2	21,5	26,7	33,1	-
500	12,3	14,6	15,3	19,1	23,9	29,7	36,8	-
560	13,7	16,4	17,2	21,4	26,7	-	-	-
630	15,4	18,4	19,3	24,1	30,0	-	-	-
710	17,4	20,7	21,8	27,2	-	-	-	-
800	19,6	23,3	24,5	30,6	_	-	_	-

Note: To apply an overall service (design) coefficient of 2.5 (insted of 2.0) for pipes with nominal diameter above 90mm, the next higher pressure rating, PN, shall be chosen.

: 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request). Length

Colour : Grey. Socket Type : Rubber joint (R/J) type supplied from sizes 63mm up to 800mm. Solvent Cement (SC/J) type supplied from sizes 20mm up to 800mm.

# UPVC DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE PIPES

# UPVC pipe according to DIN 8062, ISO 161-1

CL	ass	Cla	ss 1	Cla	ss 2	Cla	ss 3	Clas	is 4
Nominal Pre	essure in Bars	2 B	AR	4 E	AR	6 E	AR	10 E	BAR
Nom-OD (mm)	Tolerance on Nom- OD (mm)	Nom-wall thickness (mm)	Nom- wt. kg/m	Nom-wall thickness (mm)	Nom- wt. kg/m	Nom-wall thickness (mm)	Nom-wt. kg/m	Nom-wall thickness (mm)	Nom-wt. kg/m
25	+.0.2							1.5	0.174
32	+.0.2							1.8	0.264
40	+.0.2					1.8	0.334	1.9	0.350
50	+.0.2					1.8	0.422	2.4	0.552
63	+.0.2					1.9	0.563	3.0	0.854
75	+.0.3			1.8	0.642	2.2	0.782	3.6	1.22
90	+.0.3			1.8	0.774	2.7	1.13	4.3	1.75
110	+.0.3	1.8	0.950	2.2	1.16	3.2	1.64	5.3	2.61
125	+.0.3	1.8	1.08	2.5	1.48	3.7	2.13	6.0	3.64
140	+.0.4	1.8	1.21	2.8	1.84	4.1	2.65	6.7	4.18
160	+.0.4	1.8	1.39	3.2	2.41	4.7	3.44	7.7	5.47
180	+.0.4	1.8	1.57	3.6	3.02	5.3	4.37	8.6	6.88
200	+.0.4	1.8	1.74	4.0	3.70	5.9	5.37	9.6	8.51
225	+.0.5	1.8	1.96	4.5	4.70	6.6	6.76	10.8	10.8
250	+.0.5	2.0	2.40	4.9	5.65	7.3	8.31	11.9	13.2
280	+.0.6	2.3	3.11	5.5	7.11	8.2	10.4	13.4	16.6
315	+.0.6	2.5	3.78	6.2	9.02	9.2	13.2	15.0	20.9
355	+.0.7	2.9	4.88	7.0	11.4	10.4	16.7	16.9	26.5
400	+.0.7	3.2	6.10	7.9	14.5	11.7	21.1	19.1	33.7
450	+.0.8	3.6	7.65	8.9	18.3	13.2	26.8	21.5	42.7
500	+.0.9	4.0	9.38	9.8	22.4	14.6	32.9	23.9	52.6
560	+.1.0	4.2	11.8	11.0	28.1	16.4	41.4	26.7	65.8
630	+.1.1	2.0	14.7	12.4	35.7	18.4	52.2	30.0	83.2
710	+.1.2	5.7	18.9	14.0	45.3	20.7	66.1		
800	+.1.3	6.4	23.9	15.7	57.2	23.3	83.9		

Length : 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).

Colour : Grey.

Socket Type : Rubber joint (R/J) type supplied from sizes 63mm up to 800mm. Solvent Cement (SC/J) type supplied from sizes 20mm up to 800mm.

# UPVC Sewer Pipes (Gravity) According to DIN 19534.

Applications : Sewerage Pipe Underground

Nominal Size	Outside Dia	meter (mm)	Wall Thick	ness (mm)	Insertion Depth	Weight kg/m
(mm)	(D)	Tolerance	(S)	Tolerance	(mm)	weight kg/m
110	110	0.3	3.0	0.5 +	115	1.63
125	125	0.3	3.0	0.5 +	120	1.870
160	160	0.4	3.6	0.6 +	132	2.650
200	200	0.4	4.5	0.7 +	145	4.120
250	250	0.5	6.1	0.9 +	160	7.00
315	315	0.6	7.7	1.0 +	180	11.110
400	400	0.7	9.8	1.2 +	200	17.800
500	500	0.9	12.2	1.5 +	250	27.649
600	630	1.1	15.4	1.8 +	300	43.944

LENGTH : 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request.) COLOUR : Golden Brown.

SOCKET TYPE : Solvent cement (SC/J) type, Rubber Joint (R/J) type.

# UPVC Drain Pipes According to DIN 19531. Applications : Waste & Soil discharge systems inside buildings

Nominal Size (mm)	Outside Dia	meter (mm)	Wall Thick	ness (mm)	Weight kg/m
	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
40	40.0	40.2	1.8	2.2	0.381
50	50.0	50.2	1.8	2.2	0.481
75	75.0	75.3	1.8	2.2	0.642
110	110.0	110.3	2.2	2.7	1.160
125	125.0	125.3	2.5	3.0	1.480
160	160.0	160.4	3.2	3.8	2.410

LENGTH:6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).COLOUR:Grey.SOCKET TYPE:Solvent cement (SC/J) type, Rubber Joint (R/J) type

### UPVC Underground Sewer Pipe (Gravity) According to BS 5481 Applications : Gravity Sewerage Underground

Nominal Size	Outside Diameter (mm)		Wall Thick	– Weight kg/m	
Nominal Size	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
200 (8")	200.0	200.6	4.9	5.6	4.50
250 (10")	250.0	250.7	6.1	7.0	7.01
315 (12")	315.0	315.9	7.7	8.7	11.07
400 (16")	400.0	401.0	9.8	11.0	17.83

#### UPVC Underground Drainage & Sewerage Pipes according to BS 4660 Applications : Drainage Under Gardens, Fields, Driveways & Roads

Nominal Size	Outside Dia	meter (mm)	Wall Thick	Weight kg/m	
Nominal Size	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	weight kg/m
110 (4")	110.0	110.4	3.2	3.8	1.64
160 (6")	160.0	160.6	4.1	4.8	3.04

LENGTH : 5.8 & 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request). COLOUR : Golden Brown.

SOCKET TYPE : Solvent cement (SC/J) type, Rubber Joint (R/J) type

### UPVC Aboveground Soil & Ventilating Pipes according to BS 4514 Applications : Soil & Ventilating Pipes Aboveground

Nominal Size	Outside Dia	meter (mm)	Wall Thick	Weight kg/m	
	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	weight kg/m
82 (3")	82.4	82.8	3.2	3.8	1.21
110 (4")	110.0	110.4	3.2	3.8	1.64
160 (6")	160.0	160.6	3.3	3.9	2.47

LENGTH : 5.8 & 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).

COLOUR : Golden Brown.

 $\mathsf{SOCKET}\,\mathsf{TYPE}\,:\,\mathsf{Solvent}\,\mathsf{cement}\,(\mathsf{SC}/\mathsf{J})\,\mathsf{type},\mathsf{Rubber}\,\mathsf{Joint}\,(\mathsf{R}/\mathsf{J})\,\mathsf{type}$ 

Non standard lengths & colours available on request.

### UPVC Aboveground Waste Pipes according to BS 5255 Applications : Waste Aboveground

Nominal Size	Outside Dia	meter mm	Wall Thick	Weight kg/m		
Nominal Size	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	vveignt kg/m	
32 (1 1/4")	36.15	36.45	1.8	2.2	0.301	
40 (11/2")	42.75	43.05	1.9	2.3	0.376	
50 (2")	55.75	56.05	2.0	2.4	0.519	

Nominal Size	(Outside Dia	(Outside Diameter (mm		(Wall Thickness (mm		
Nominal Size	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Weight kg/m	
("4/11) 32	36.15	36.45	1.8	2.2	0.301	
("2/11) 40	42.75	43.05	2.3	2.8	0.452	
("2) 50	55.75	56.05	2.4	2.9	0.620	

Note: Table (b) for waste pipes - Cold water

LENGTH COLOUR : Grey.

: 4, 5.8  $\pounds$  6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).

 $\mathsf{SOCKET\,TYPE}\ :\ \mathsf{Solvent\,cement\,}(\mathsf{SC/J})\,\mathsf{type},\mathsf{Rubber\,Joint\,}(\mathsf{R/J})\,\mathsf{type}$ Non standard lengths & colours available on request.

UPVC Drain, Waste, Vent Pipes According to ASTM D 2665. Applications : Drain, Waste, Vent (DWV)

Nominal Size (inch)	Outside Dia	meter (mm)	Wall Thick	Weight kg/m	
Nominal Size (inch)	Min	Мах	Min	Max	vveignt kg/m
11/4	42.03	42.29	3.56	4.07	0.65
11/2	48.11	48.41	3.68	4.19	0.77
2	60.18	60.48	3.91	4.42	1.04
3	88.7	89.1	5.49	6.15	2.14
4	114.07	114.53	6.02	6.73	3.05
6	168.0	168.56	7.11	7.97	5.37
8	218.7	219.46	8.18	9.17	8.11

LENGTH COLOUR : 5.8 & 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).

: White.

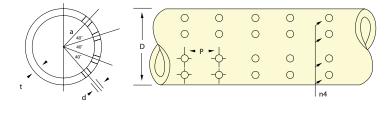
SOCKET TYPE : Plain, Solvent cement (SC/J)

Non standard lengths & colours available on request.

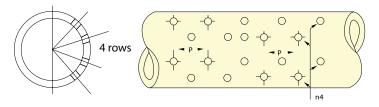
### Perforated UPVC Pipes

MMP Perforated uPVC pipes are manufactured upon request depending on the size and class of the pipes, below figures given a general configuration which may vary for each clients requirements.

#### (Straight rows)



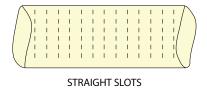
(Staggered rows)

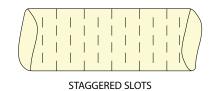


Range of sizes	: 75mm to 500mm
Longitude Pitch of wholes (LP)	: 30mm to 200mm
Hole Diameter	: 05mm to 13mm
Number of rows	:1to6
Angular Pitch of holes	: 40 degree for 3 to 4 rows.
	40, 80 or 120 degree for 2 rows.

### **Slotted UPVC Pipes**

MMP slotted pipes are produced according to RDA requirements and for use in lowering the underground water table.





Slot strength: Depend on the sizeSlot width: 1/1.1/1.5/2mmNumber of row: 4,6 & 8 (but according to the size)Angular pitch: Tobe recommended by MMP

# UPVC ELECTRICAL AND TELECOMMUNICATION DUCT

# UPVC Electrical Conduits according to DIN 8062

Applications: Electrical installations.

Nominal OD (mm)	Class	s 2	Class	3
Nominal OD (mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m
40	-	-	1.8	0.334
50	-	-	1.8	0.422
63	-	-	1.9	0.562
75	1.8	0.642	2.2	0.782
90	1.8	0.774	2.7	1.13
110	2.2	1.16	3.2	1.64
125	2.5	1.48	3.7	2.13
140	2.8	1.84	4.1	2.65
160	3.2	2.41	4.7	3.44
200	4.0	3.70	5.9	5.37
225	4.5	4.70	6.6	6.76
250	4.9	5.65	7.3	8.31
280	5.5	7.11	8.2	10.4
315	6.2	9.02	9.2	13.2
400	7.9	14.5	11.7	21.1

Length : 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request). Colour : Grey.

Socket Type : Solvent cement (SC/J) type.

### UPVC Electrical Conduits according to BS 6099 Applications: Electrical installations.

Nominal Size	Minimum Inside Diameter (mm			n Inside Diameter (mm) Maximum Wall Thickness mm			Weight kg/m		
(mm)	Light	Medium	Heavy	Light	Medium	Heavy	Light	Medium	Heavy
16	13.7	13.0	12.2	1.15	1.5	1.9	0.080	0.100	0.125
20	17.4	16.9	15.8	1.3	1.55	2.1	0.120	0.140	0.180
25	22.1	21.9	20.6	1.45	1.8	2.2	0.165	0.200	0.240
32	28.6	27.8	26.6	1.7	2.1	2.7	0.245	0.296	0.370
40	35.8	35.4	34.4	2.1	2.3	2.8	0.352	0.406	0.485
50	45.1	44.3	43.2	2.45	2.85	3.4	0.540	0.622	0.707
63	57.0	-	-	3.0	-	-	0.830	-	-

Length : 3 meters (Other lengths are available on request). Colour : Black/White.

Socket Type : Plain, Solvent cement (SC/J) type

### UPVC Electrical Conduits & Tubing according to NEMA TC-2 Applications:

EPT Electrical plastic tubing for encasement in concrete, EPC 40 Electrical plastic conduit for direcburial underground, EPC 80 Electrical plastic conduit for heavy duty.

	Outside	diameter			Wall Thick	mess (mm)			1	Weight kg/r	n
Nominal Size inch	(m	ım)	El	ът	EPC	40	EPC	80	ЕРТ	EPC 40	EPC 80
	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max			
1/2	21.24	21.44	1.52	2.03	2.77	3.28	3.73	4.24	0.155	0.24	0.3
3/4	26.57	26.77	1.52	2.03	2.87	3.38	3.91	4.24	0.197	0.33	0.43
1	33.27	33.53	1.52	2.03	3.38	3.89	4.55	5.08	0.25	0.48	0.61
1 1/4	42.03	42.29	1.78	2.29	3.56	4.07	4.85	5.44	0.365	0.65	0.87
1 1/2	48.11	48.41	2.03	2.54	3.68	4.19	5.08	5.69	0.47	0.77	1.03
2	60.17	60.47	2.54	3.05	3.91	4.42	5.54	6.2	0.717	1.04	1.43
2 1/2	72.84	73.2	2.79	3.30	5.16	5.77	7.01	7.85	0.952	1.57	2.2
3	88.70	89.1	3.18	3.68	5.49	6.15	7.62	8.53	1.31	2.14	2.91
4	114.1	114.5	3.81	4.32	6.02	6.73	8.56	9.58	2.0	3.05	4.26
5	141.05	141.55	-	-	6.22	7.347	9.52	10.67	-	4.18	6.42
б	168.0	168.56	-	-	7.11	7.98	10.97	12.29	-	5.37	8.13
8	218.7	219.46	-	-	8.18	9.17	12.7	14.22	-	8.11	12.4

### UPVC Electrical Conduits & Tubing according to NEMA TC-6 & ASTM F 512 Applications: Type EB for encased burial in concrete, Type DB for direct burial without concrete.

Nominal Size	Outside Diameter	PVC typ	e EB 20	PVC type DB 60		
(inch)	(mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	
2	60.17	1.52	0.465	1.52	0.465	
3	88.7	1.55	0.703	2.34	1.000	
4	114.1	2.08	1.170	3.07	1.650	
5	141.05	2.62	1.170	3.86	2.50	
6	168.0	3.18	2.530	4.62	3.570	

### PVC Electrical Conduits & Tubing according to NEMA TC-8 & ASTM F 512 Applications: Type EB for encased burial in concrete, Type DB for direct burial without concrete.

Nominal Size	Nominal Size Outside Diameter		e EB 35	PVC type DB 120		
(inch)	(mm)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	
1	33.27	-	-	1.52	0.251	
11/2	48.11	-	-	1.52	0.369	
2	60.17	1.52	0.465	1.96	0.576	
3	88.7	1.93	0.847	3.00	1.250	
4	114.1	2.54	1.390	3.91	2.050	
5	141.05	3.2	2.09	4.85	3.12	
6	168.0	3.86	3.020	5.77	4.420	

Length : 5.8 & 6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).

Socket Type : Solvent cement (SC/J) type

Colour : Grey.

# UPVC Electrical & Telephone Duct

Applications: Electrical and telephone duct.

Duct No.	Outside Diameter (mm)	Wall Thick	ness (mm)
Duct No.		min	max
54D	96.5 + /-0.2	3.25	3.65
56	53.9 + /-0.1	1.55	1.70
57	114.3 + / -0.2	3.4	3.8

Length:6 meters (Other lengths are available on request).Colour:Black.Socket Type:Solvent cement (SC/J) type

# UPVC Telephone Duct (U-Gard)

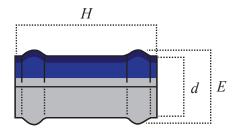
Item Description	Wall Thickness (mm)	No. of Holes/pc	Length (cm/pc)	Weight (kg/pc)
36 U-Gard	2.8	10	150	0.60

Colour: Yellow.

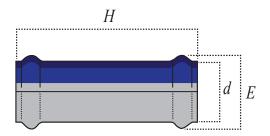
Note: UV Resistance

# UPVC FABRICATED PRODUCTS

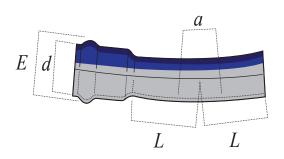
Accessories for Pressure Pipes, Repair Coupling, Long Reduces MMP is manufacturing all kind of long bend and repair coupling fitting which is required in the project during installation. All this fitting is combined with MMP pipe under the Standards DIN 8062/8061 and it is available with single and double rubber joint at the end. Also available for all kind of pressure rating 6-10 and 16 bar.



Repair Coupling			
d mm	E mm	Hmm	
63	86	280	
75	102	280	
90	120	290	
110	144	310	
125	161	330	
140	178	350	
160	202	350	
180	224	380	
200	248	410	



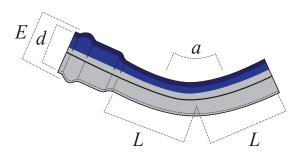
Long Repair Coupling			
d mm	E mm	H mm	
63	86	500	
75	102	500	
90	120	500	
110	144	500	
125	161	500	
140	178	500	
160	202	500	
180	224	600	
200	248	650	



Long Bend 11°				
d mm	Lmm	angle	Emm	
63	235	11°	86	
75	260	11°	102	
90	292	11°	120	
110	384	11°	144	
125	413	11°	161	
140	430	11°	178	
160	464	11°	202	
180	535	11°	224	
200	530	11°	240	

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22° 30' Long Bend				
d mm	Lmm	angle	E mm	
63	235	22° 1/2	86	
75	260	22° 1/2	102	
90	292	22° 1/2	120	
110	384	22° 1/2	144	
125	413	22° 1/2	161	
140	430	22° 1/2	178	
160	464	22° 1/2	202	
180	535	22° 1/2	224	
200	530	22° 1/2	240	

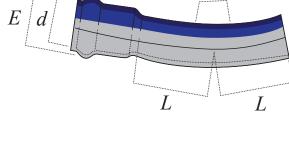


		45° Long Bend				
Lmm	angle	E mm				
235	45°	86				
260	45°	102				
292	45°	120				
384	45°	144				
413	45°	161				
430	45°	178				
464	45°	202				
810	45°	224				
805	45°	240				
	235 260 292 384 413 430 464 810	235 45°   260 45°   292 45°   384 45°   413 45°   430 45°   464 45°   810 45°				

# E а Ĺ L

90° Long Bend				
d mm	Lmm	angle	E mm	
63	377	90°	86	
75	401	90°	102	
90	462	90°	120	
110	504	90°	144	
125	533	90°	161	
140	595	90°	178	
160	614	90°	202	
180	1010	90°	224	
200	1155	90°	240	





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# **CPVC PIPES** FOR HOT AND COLD WATER

# **Manufacturing Standards**



ASTM F441 American Society for Testing & Material



DIN 8079

German Standard



To begin with, MMP cPVC Pipes are manufactured from Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride compound and has chemical and physical properties according to USA standard (ASTM F441). So it has been manufactured for many purposes and usages especially to resist hot and cold portable water which is reach sometimes the boiling point. In addition to that, MMP cPVC pipes take an easy usages and installments, and for the same reason it is worldwide used in the internal connection in buildings which is compatible with environment and weather. Hence, MMP always obtain for the sake of quality the best raw-material from the specialist international companies in this field. And at the same time MMP cPVC fittings also available in all sizes and to be connected and completed the globe of MMP cPVC pipes in same quality and same compound.

### Material Technical Data

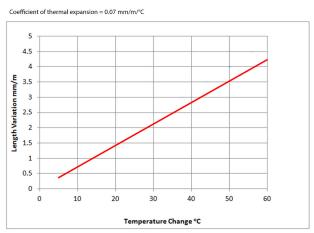
Properties	Unit	СРУС	Test Method	
· · · ·	Physical F	Properties		
Specific Gravity (Compound)	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.5 - 1.55	ASTM D 792	
Water Absorption (24 H Boiling Water)	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	< 4	ISO 2508	
Water Absorption (24 H At 23 °C )	% weight gain	0.03	ASTM D 570	
Flammability	N/A	Self extinguishing	-	
Resistance To Burning	Sec	< 5	ASTM D 635	
Vicat Softening Temperature (VST 5 Kgf)	°C	> 110	ISO 306	
Thermal Conductivity	W k <sup>-1</sup> m <sup>-1</sup>	0.14	DIN 52612-1	
Co-Efficient Of Thermal Linear Expansion	mm/mm °C	0.7×10 <sup>-4</sup>	ASTM D 696	
Specific Heat	Cal/g °C	-	-	
	Mechanical	Properties		
Tensile Strength @ 23 °C Minimum	Мра	Mpa 55		
Tensile Modulus Of Elasticity @ 23 °C	Мра 2500		ASTM D638	
Compressive Strength @ 23 °C	Мра	69	ASTM D 695	
Flexural Strength @ 23 °C	Мра	103	ASTM D 790	
Poisson's Ratio @ 23 °C	-	0.27	-	
Izod Impact Strength (Notched) @ 23 °C	J/M Ft-Lbs/In	80 1.5	ASTM D 256	
Hardness Strength @ 23 °C	Durometer "D" R°Ckwell "R"			
	Electrical	Properties		
Volume Resistivity @ 23 °C	0hm/cm	3.4x10 <sup>15</sup>	ASTM D 257	
Surface Resistivity	Ohm	> 10 <sup>12</sup>	DIN IEC60093	
Power Factor@ 60 HZ	%	0.007 @ 1000 Hz	ASTM D 150	
Dielectric Strength	Volts / mil	1250	ASTM D 147	
Dielectric Constant 60Hz @ 30 °F	-	3.25 @ 1000 Hz	ASTM D 150	

### Thermal de-rating factors for CPVC pressure pipes and fittings

Maximum service temperature °F (°C)	Multiply working pressure at $$ 73 °F (23 °C) by these factors
73 (23)	1
80 (27)	1
90 (32)	0.91
100 (38)	0.82
110 (43)	0.77
120 (49)	0.65
130(54)	0.62
140(60)	0.5
150 (65)	0.47
160 (71)	0.4
170 (77)	0.32
180 (82)	0.25
200 (93)	0.2

# CPVC pipe length variation due to temperature change (°C)

Temperature Change (°C)	Length Variation mm/meter
5	0.35
10	0.7
15	1.05
20	1.4
25	1.75
30	2.1
35	2.45
40	2.8
45	3.15
50	3.5
55	3.85
60	4.2



### CPVC pipes according to ASTM F 441

Nominal Size inch	Outside dia	meter (mm)		Minimum Wall kness	Normal Weight kg/m	Water Pressure Rating	
inch	Inch	mm	Inch	mm		Psi	Bar
1/4	0.540	13.7	0.119	3.02	0.230	1130	77.8
1/2	0.840	21.34	0.147	3.73	0.337	850	58.6
3/4	1.050	26.67	0.154	3.91	0.457	690	47.6
1	1.315	33.40	0.179	4.55	0.671	630	43.4
11/4	1.660	42.20	0.191	4.85	0.928	520	35.9
11/2	1.900	48.30	0.200	5.08	1.13	470	32.4
2	25.375	60.33	0.218	5.54	1.56	400	27.6
З	3.500	88.9	0.300	7.62	2.9	370	25.5
4	4.500	114.3	0.337	9.52	4.3	320	22.1
6	6.625	168.3	0.432	10.97	8.1	280	19.3

pressure rating applies for Water at 23 °C and for unthreaded pipes

### CPVC Pipes according to DIN 8079

	Pressure Rating at 20 °C					
Nominal Size	PN	16	PN	20	PN	25
mm	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m	Wall Thickness (mm)	Weight kg/m
16	1.2	0.100	1.5	0.118	1.8	0.136
20	1.5	0.151	1.9	0.183	2.3	0.217
25	1.9	0.234	2.3	0.379	2.8	0.326
32	2.4	0.379	3.0	0.455	3.6	0.534
40	3.0	0.582	3.7	0.701	4.5	0.830
50	3.7	0.896	4.6	1.090	5.6	1.290
63	4.7	1.430	5.8	1.720	7.0	2.020
75	5.6	2.020	6.9	2.420	8.4	2.880
90	6.7	2.880	8.2	3.460	10.0	4.100
110	8.2	4.310	10.0	5.130	12.3	6.160

Length: 5.8 and 6 meters | Colour: Beige

Socket Type: Plain \*Non standard lengths and colour are available on request.



### **Types of Joint**

MMP Pipes are manufactured in standard length of 6 meters and incorporate various joint systems.



Plain End

Plain ended pipes are to be used with double coupling either solvent cement joint (SCJ) or rubber joint (RS) or fittings available in both types of joint.



Solvent Cement Joint

Solvent cement joint pipes are manufactured with integral socket.



Rubber Ring Types of Joint

(Anger Joint) /35 Anger Joint is formed on wall thickened portion.

### Methods of Assembly

- Carefully clean the external surface of pipe: Figure A.
- Mark on outside of the pipe the depth to be inserted into the other pipe socket.
- Lubricate the pipe only by using a suitable lubricant or soapy water, Do not use oil or grease.
- Check the gasket conditions.
- Put the gasket into its specific seat: Figure B.
- Lubricate the internal surface of the gasket in the same way as the pipe: Figure C.
- Allign and push the two pipes together up to the depth of insertion as indicated in Figure D.
- Finally you will have a pipe assembly as indicated in Figure E.





### Storage recommendations

The following procedure is recommended to prevent pipes from damages

- The area of storage should be cleaned and free from any rocks or stones that may cause damage of pipes.
- Pipes may be placed on wide pieces of wood not less than 10cm width and spaced at intervals of 120cm or less.
- Be sure that pipes Socket ends and chamfer ends are alternately placed.
- Maximum storage height not more than 240cm from the ground.
- Pipes should be protected from direct sun light by storing it in a shaded area or use opaque tarpaulin and always keep space between tarpaulin and pipes to prevent heat accumulation.
- Pipe internal, external surfaces as well as fittings and other accessories should be kept free from dirt.
- Rubber gaskets should be protected from excessive heat, direct sunlight and oil.
- Solvent cement when used should be stored in tight sealed containers away from excessive heat.

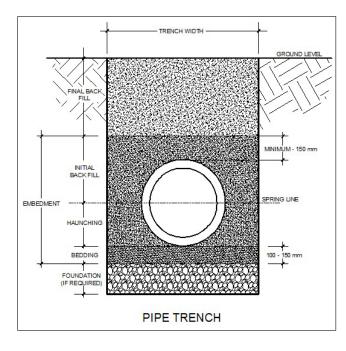




### Trench construction

#### General

- Excavate trenches to insure that sides will be stable under all working conditions
- Excavated material should be stockpiled in a manner that will not endanger the work.
- Minimum Trench Width
- The following table shows the relation between Nominal Pipe Size and Minimum Trench Width



Nominal Pipe Size (mm)	Minimum Trench Width (mm)
< 90	300
90 -630	Pipe OD. Plus 300
630 - 1600	Pipe OD. Plus 600

### Preparation of Trench Bottom

- The trench bottom should be constructed to provide a firm, stable, and uniform support for the full length of the pipe.
- When an unstable sub-grade condition is encountered which will provide inadequate pipe support, additional trenchdepth should be excavated and refilled with suitable foundation material as specified by the engineer.
- The ground water level in the trench should be kept below the pipe.

### Bedding

- Bedding is required primarily to bring the trench bottom up to grade.
- Bedding materials should be placed to provide uniform and adequate longitudinal support under the pipe.
- A compacted depth of 4 to 6 inches (100 to 150 mm) is generally sufficient bedding thickness.
- Bedding material should be free of ridges, hollows and lumps.
- The trench bottom should be smooth and free of rock.
- Bedding should consist of free flowing material such as gravel, sand, salty sand or clayey sand that is free of stones or hard particles larger than 1½ inch.

### Haunching

- The most important factor affecting pipe performance and deflection is the haunching material and its density.
- Material should be placed and consolidated under the pipe haunch to provide adequate side support to the pipe while avoiding both vertical and lateral displacement of the pipe from proper alignment.
- Where coarse materials with voids have been used for bedding, the same coarse material should also be used for haunching and consideration should be given to native soil migration.
- Haunching is placed up to the pipe spring line.

### Initial Backfill

- Initial backfill is that portion of the pipe embedment beginning at the spring line of extending some distance over the pipe and the top of the pipe.
- Since little or no additional side support is gained above the spring line, native soils may be used without special compaction efforts.
- The sole purpose of somewhat careful placement of these native trench materials is to protect the pipe from the dropping of large rocks or other impact loads that may occur during final backfill.
- Minimum cover is recommended to be 6 inch (150mm).

### **Final Backfill**

The material used in the final backfilling operation need not be as carefully selected as was the bedding, haunching, and initial backfill. In the final backfill material, exclude boulders, frozen clumps of dirt, and rubble which could damage the pipe.

### **Embedment Materials**

Embedment material including bedding, hunching and initial backfill material, class I and class II material usually used as embedment material.

The following Table shows the maximum particle size for class I and class II materials

Nominal Pipe Size (mm)	Maximum Particle size (inch)
≤ 110	1/2
160 -225	3/4
250 - 355	1
≥ 400	11/2

# CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

10

6

Reactives	Concentration	Tempe	Temperature	
		20 °C	60 °C	
Acetaldehyde	40%	NS	-	
Acetaldehyde	100%	NS	-	
Acetic Acid	Glacial	NS	NS	
Acetic Acid	25%	S	L	
Acetic Acid	60%	S	L	
Acetic Anhydride	100%	NS	NS	
Acetone	100%	NS	NS	
Adipic Acid	Sat. sol.	5	L	
Allyl Alcohol	96%	L	NS	
Aluminum Chloride	Sat. sol.	5	5	
Aluminum Potassium Sulphate	Sat. sol.	S	S	
Almuminum Sulphate	Sat. sol.	S	S	
Ammonia, Dry gas	100%	S	S	
Ammonia, Liquid	100%	L	NS	
Ammonia, Aqueous	Dil. sol.	5	L	
Ammonium Chloride	Sat. sol.	S	5	
Ammonium Fluoride	20%	S	L	
Ammonium Nitrate	Sat. sol.	<u> </u>	5	
Ammonium Sulphate	Sat. sol.	S	S	
Amyl Acetate (1-Pentanol Acetate)	100%	NSS	NS	
Amyl Alcohol (1-Pentanol) Aniline	100% 100%	<u>S</u> NS	LNS	
Aniline	Sat. sol.	NS	NS	
Aniline Hydrochloride	Sat. sol. Sat. sol.	NS	NS	
Antimony (III) Chloride	90%	NS	5	
Anthraquinone Sulphonic Acid	Sol.	S	S	
Antinaquinone suphonic Aciu	Dil. sol.	S	L	
Arsenic Acid	Sat. sol.	S		
, a server retu			L	
	0.00/			
Benzaldehyde	0.1%	NS	NS	
Benzene	100%	NS	NS	
Benzoic Acid	Sat. sol.	LS	NS	
Borax Boric Acid	Sat. sol. Dil. sol.	<u> </u>	L	
Bromic Acid	10%	S		
Bromine, Liquid	100%	NS	NS	
Butadiene	100%	S	S	
Butane, Gas	100%	S		
Butanols	Up to 100%	S	L	
Butyl Acetate	100%	NS	NS	
Butyl Phenol	100%	NS	NS	
Butyric Acid	20%	S	L	
Butyric Acid	98%	NS	NS	
Calcium Chloride	Sat. sol.	S	S	
Calcium Nitrate	50%	S	5	
Carbon Dioxide (Aqueous Solution)	Sat. sol.	L	L	
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Gas	100%	5	S	
Carbon Dioxide, Wet Gas	-	S	5	
Carbon Disulphide	100%	NS	NS	
Carbon Tetrachloride	100%	NS	NS	
Chlorine, Dry Gas	100%	L	NS	
Chlorine, Aqueous	Sat. sol.	L	NS	
Chloroacetic Acid	<u> </u>	S	LNS	
Chlorosulphonic Acid		LS	NS	
Chromic Acid Citric Acid	From 1% to 50% Sat. sol.	<u> </u>	L	
Copper (II) Chloride	Sat. sol. Sat. sol.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Copper (II) Entoride	2%	<u> </u>	S	
Copper (II) Futuritie	Sat. sol.	<u>S</u>	S	
Cresols	Sat. sol.	-	NS	
Cresylic Acid (Methyl Benzoic Acid)	Sat. sol.		NS	
Crotonaldehyde	100%	NS	NS	
Cyclohexanol	100%	NS	NS	
Cyclohexanore	100%	NS	NS	
Developers (Photographic) Dextrin	Work. sol. Sat. sol.	<u> </u>	S	
Dichloroethane	100%	NS	NS	
Dichloroemethane	100%	NS	NS	
Diethyl either	100%	NS	-	
Diglycolic Acid	18%	S	L	
Dimenthylamine	30%	S	-	
		S	S	



## Continue Chemical Resistance of UPVC compound according to ISO/TR 7473

	1	9	
Ethanol	95%	S	L
Ethyl Acetate	100%	NS	NS
Ethyl Acrylate	100%	NS	NS
Fluosilicic Acid	32%	S	S
Formaldehyde	Dil. sol.	S	L
Formaldehyde	40%	S	S
Formic Acid	From 1% to 50%	S	L
Furfurly Alcohol	100%	NS	NS
Gasoline (Aliphatic Hydrocarbons)	-	S	S
Glucose	Sat. sol.	S	L
Glycerol	100%	S	5
Glycolic Acid	30%	S	5
	50%		
Hexadecanol	100%	S	5
Hydrobromic Acid	10%	S	L
Hydrobromic Acid	50%	5	L
Hydrobromic Acid	20%	S	L
Hydrobromic Acid	Greater than 30%	S	5
Hydrobromic Acid	40%	L	NS
Hydrobromic Acid	60%	L	NS
Hydrobromic Acid, Gas	100%	L	NS
	100%	L	5
Hydrogen Hydrogen Peroxide	30%	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	100%	<u> </u>	S
Hydrogen Sulphide, Gas	100%	5	5
Iron (III) Chlorida		c	
Iron (III) Chloride	Sat. sol.	S	S
	100/		
Lactic Acid	10%	5	L
Lactic Acid	From 10% to 90%	L	NS
Lead Acetate	Dil. sol.	5	S
Lead Acetate	Sat. sol.	S	S
Lead Tetraethyl	100%	5	-
Magnesium Chloride	Sat. sol.	5	S
Magnesium Sulphate	Sat. sol.	5	S
Maleic Acid	Sat. sol.	5	L
Methanol	100%	5	L
Methyl Methacrylate	100%	NS	NS
Milk	-	5	S
Molasses	Work. sol.	S	L
Nickel Sulphate	Sat. sol.	5	S
Nicotinic Acid	Work. sol.	5	S
Nitric Acid	Up to 45%	S	L
Nitric Acid	From 50 to 98	NS	NS
OILs and Fats	-	S	S
Oleic Acid	100%	S	S
Oleum	10% to So3	NS	NS
Orthophosphoric Acid, Aqueous	30%	S	L
Orthophosphoric Acid, Aqueous	Greater than 30%	S	S
Oxalic Acid	Dil. sol.	5	L
Oxalic Acid	Sat. sol.	5	S
Oxygen	100%	S	5
Ozone	100%	S	S
		-	
Perchloric Acid	10%	S	L
Perchloric Acid	70%	L	NS
Petrol (Aliphatic Hydrocarbons/Benzene)	80/20	NS	NS
Phenol	90%	NS	NS
Phenylhydrazine	100%	NS	NS
Phenylhydrazine Hydrochloride	97%	NS	NS
Phosphine	100%	NS	5
Phosphine Phosphorus (III) Chloride	100%	NS	-
Priosphorus (III) Chtoride	Sat. sol.	NS	
Picric Acid Potassium Bromide		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Sat. sol.		
Potassium Chloride	Sat. sol.	S	5
Potassium Chromate	40%	5	5
Potassium Cyanide	Sol.	S	S
Potassium Dichromate	40%	5	S
Potassium Hexacyanoferrate (II)	Sat. sol.	S	S
Potassium Hexacyanoferrate (III)	Sat. sol.	5	S
Potassium Hydroxide	Sol.	S	S
Potassium Nitrate	Sat. sol.	S	S
Potassium Permanganate	20%	5	S
Potassium Persulphate	Sat. sol.	S	L
Propane, Liquified Gas	100%	S	-
Pyridine	Up to 100%	NS	-
Pyridine cellent Resistance L - Limited Resistance	NS - No Resistance	СИI	-
ettern nesistance – Einnieu Resistance	ND = NU RESISIGNE		

S - Excellent Resistance L - Limited Resistance NS - No Resistance

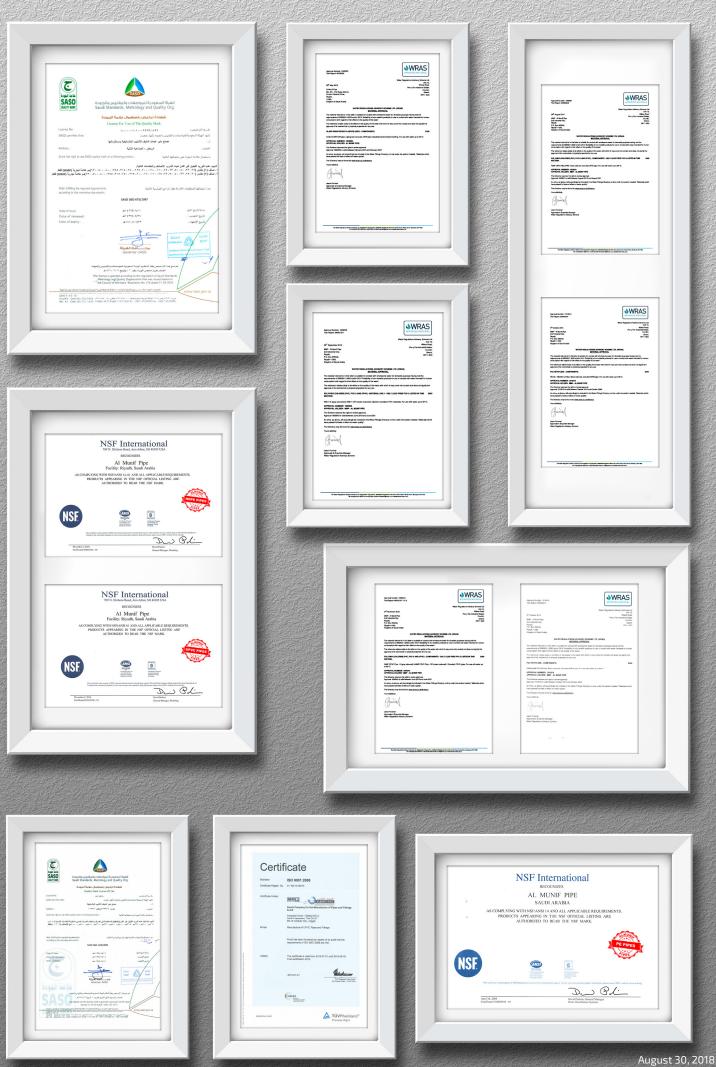
# Chemical Resistance of MMP CPVC Plastic Pipes According to PPI TR-19/2007

Reactive	Concentration	CPVC
Acetaldehyde	40%	Not resistant
	Vapor	Resist to 82 °C
Acetic Acid	25%	Resist to 82 °C
	60% 85%	Not resistant Not resistant
Acotic Applydrida	-	Not resistant
Acetic Anhydride		
Acetone	5%	Not resistant
Adipic Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Allyl Alcohol	96%	Limited resistance to 23 °C
Aluminum Chloride Aqueous	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Aluminum Hydroxide	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Aluminum Potassium Sulfate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Aluminum Sulfate (Alum)	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Ammonia Gas	100%	Not resistant
Ammonia Liquid	100%	Not resistant
Ammonium Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Ammonium Fluoride	10%	Resist to 82 °C
Ammonium Nitrate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Ammonium Sulfate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Ammonium Sulfide	dilute	Resist to 82 °C
Amyl Acetate	-	Not resistant
Amyl Alcohol	-	Not resistant
Aniline	-	Not resistant
Aniline Chlorohydrate	-	Not resistant
Aniline Hydrochloride	Sat'd	Not resistant
Anthraquinone	-	Resist to 82 °C
Anthraquinone Sulfonic Acid	-	Resist to 82 °C
Arsenic Acid	80%	Resist to 82 °C
Asphalt	-	Not resistant
Beer	-	Resist to 82 °C
Benzene	-	Not resistant
Benzoic Acid	ALL	Resist to 82 °C
Borax	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Boric Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Bromic Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
	Liquid	Not resistant
Bromine	Vapor 25%	Resist to 82 °C
Butadiene	50%	Resist to 82 °C
Butane	50%	Resist to 82 °C
Butyl Acetate	100%	Not resistant
Butyric Acid	-	Not resistant
Calcium Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
	Dry 100%	Resist to 82 °C
Carbon Dioxide	wet	Resist to 82 °C
Carbon Disulfide	-	Not resistant
Carbon Tetrachloride	-	Not resistant
	0-20 PPM moisture content	Limited resistance to 23 °C
Chlorine Gas	20-50 PPM moisture content	Not resistant
	> 50 PPM moisture content	Not resistant
Chlorine	liquid	Not resistant
Chloroacetic Acid	50%	Resist to 82 °C
Chlorosulfonic Acid	-	Resist to 82 °C
	10%	Resist to 82 °C
Ehromic Acid	30% 40%	Resist to 82 °C Resist to 82 °C
	50%	Limited resistance to 60 °C
Citric Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Copper Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
copper childride	20/	Resist to 82 °C
Copper Fluoride	2%	
Copper Fluoride		
Copper Fluoride Copper Sulfate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Copper Fluoride		

# Continue Chemical Resistance of MMP CPVC Plastic Pipes According to PPI TR-19/2007

Reactive	Concentration	CPVC
Dextrin (Starch Gum)	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Dextrose	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Dichloroethylene	-	Not resistant
Diethyl Ether	_	Not resistant
Diglycolic Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Ether		Not resistant
Ethyl Acetate	-	Not resistant
Ethyl Acrylate	-	Not resistant
Ethyl Alcohol (Ethanol)	-	Limited resistance to 60 °C
Fatty Acids	-	Limited resistance to 23 °C
Formaldehyde	Dilute 35%	Resist to 23 °C Limited resistance to 23 °C
, on adding de	50%	Limited resistance to 23 °C
Furfural	100%	Not resistant
Gasoline, Leaded*	-	Not resistant
Gasoline, Unleaded*	-	Not resistant
n-Hexane	_	Resist to 23 °C
Hexanol, Tertiary Type I	_	Resist to 82 °C
Hydrobromic Acid		
	20%	Resist to 23 °C
Hydrochloric Acid	30%	Resist to 82 °C
Hydrofluoric Acid	50% 100%	Not resistant Not resistant
Hydrogen	gas	Resist to 23 °C
	50%	
Hydrogen Peroxide		Resist to 82 °C
lodine	10%	Resist to 23 °C
Lactic Acid	25%	Resist to 82 °C
Lead Acetate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Lead Chloride	-	Resist to 82 °C
Lead Nitrate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Lead Sulfate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Magnesium Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Magnesium Citrate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Magnesium Hydroxide	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Magnesium Nitrate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Magnesium Sulfate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Maleic Acid	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Milk	-	Resist to 82 °C
Molasses	-	Resist to 82 °C
Nickel Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Nickel Sulfate	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
WekerSuture	10%	Resist to 82 °C
Nitric Acid	100%	Not resistant
Oleic Acid	-	Resist to 82 °C
Oleum	-	Not resistant
Oxalic Acid	50%	Resist to 82 °C
Oxygen Gas	-	Resist to 82 °C
Phenylhydrazine		Not resistant
Phosphoric Acid	10% 50%	Resist to 82 °C Resist to 82 °C
Potassium Bromide	-	Resist to 82 °C
Potassium Chloride		Resist to 82 °C
Potassium Chromate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Potassium Hydroxide	25%	Resist to 82 °C
Potassium Nitrate	-	Resist to 82 °C
Silicone Oil	-	Resist to 82 °C
Soaps	-	Resist to 82 °C
Sodium Chloride	Sat'd	Resist to 82 °C
Endium Hudrovida	15%	Resist to 82 °C
Sodium Hydroxide	50% 70%	Resist to 82 °C Resist to 82 °C
Tetrahydrofuran	-	Not resistant
Urine	-	Resist to 82 °C
Water, Potable		
		Resist to 82 °C
Water, Salt	-	Resist to 82 °C
Water, Sea	-	Resist to 82 °C
Water ,soft	-	Resist to 82 °C
Water, Waste		Resist to 82 °C









### **KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA**

Riyadh 11383 K.S.A P.O. Box 355342 Sales & Customer Service: +966 920000357 Fax: +966 112651845

www.ALMUNIFPIPES.com 🖂 info@mmppf.com

